

Proximity Card Reader with USB Interface

Protocol

The image shows a large grid of binary code (0s and 1s) on a dark background, representing the protocol for a proximity card reader. The grid is composed of blue binary digits. The data is organized into several vertical columns, each representing a different card or message. The first few columns show standard binary patterns like 1010, 1111, and 0101. As the grid continues, it becomes increasingly dense and complex, with many more binary digits appearing in a seemingly random pattern, suggesting encrypted or compressed data. The overall effect is a digital matrix of information.

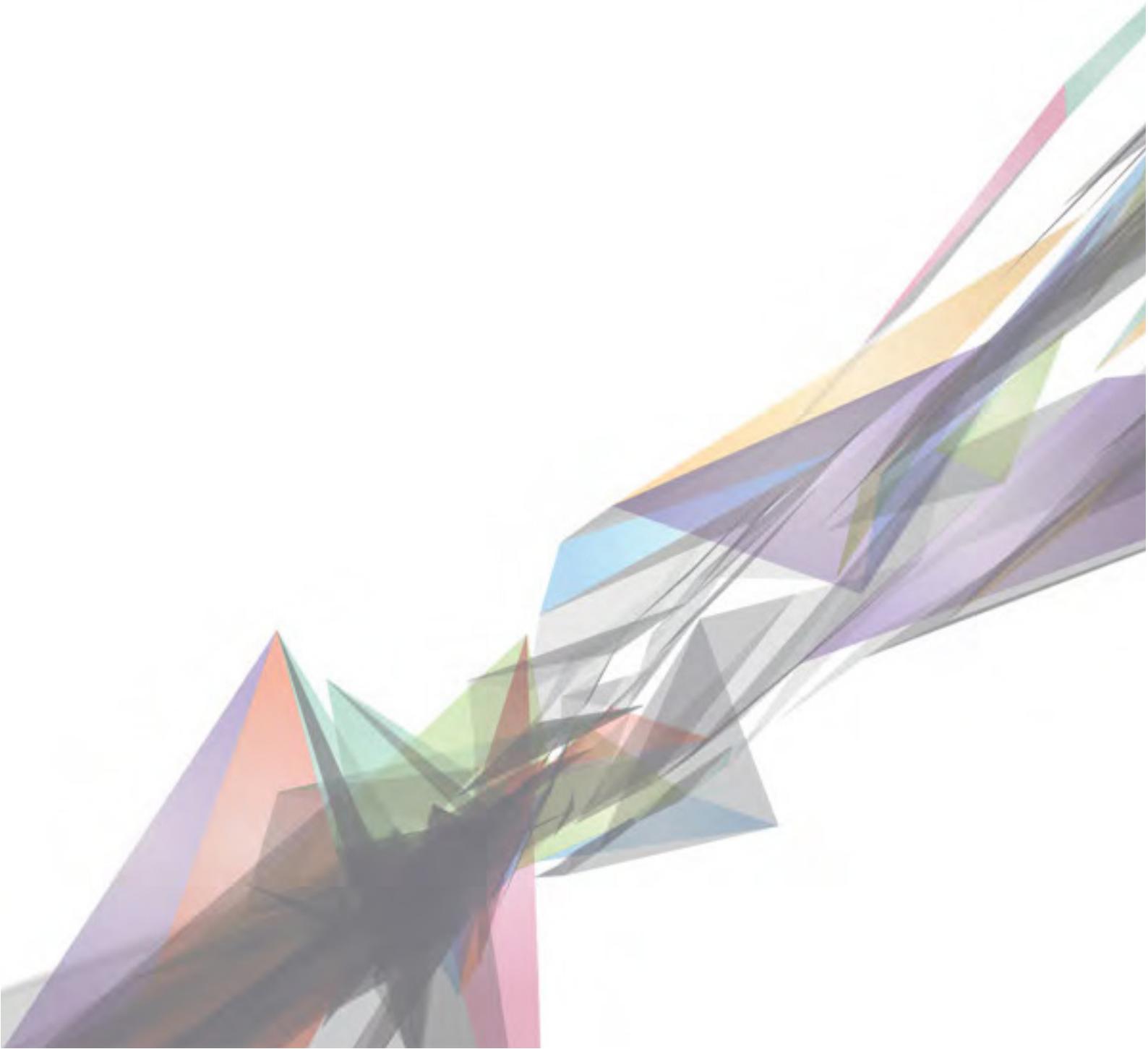


Velleman® nv has been an important wholesaler and developer of electronics for over 36 years. Our warehouses contain more than 18 000 different products of 50 brands. The distribution network includes more than 1700 distributors in well over 85 countries. Velleman® nv has built up an excellent service reputation towards retailers. To meet the ever increasing growth, Velleman® nv expanded with new offices and showrooms as well as a new warehouse of 35 000m³ equipped with the latest in order picking technology. This represents an investment of over € 5 500 000.



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The K8019 communicates in bytes, not with text, don't use telnet

A packet looks like this:

<42> = always 42 hex
<??> = size (in bytes) of the entire packet
<??> = command byte
<ff> = always ff hex
<??>...<??> = optional extra data

NOTE: <42> is the hexadecimal number 42, contained in 1 byte

Card swipe event

receive: card swiped
<42><09><07><ff><??><??><??><??><??> (= tag of 5 bytes)

Reading all cards

send: read database
<42><04><02><ff>
receive: transfer started
<42><05><03><ff><??> (= index of master card)
receive: card
<42><04><04><ff><??><??><??><??><??> (= tag of 5 bytes)
receive: transfer complete
<42><04><05><ff>

Adding a single card

send: add card
<42><09><07><ff><??><??><??><??><??> (= tag of 5 bytes)

Clearing the database and adding multiple cards

send: start database update
<42><05><06><ff><??> (=index of master card)
send: card (repeat for each card)
<42><09><07><ff><??><??><??><??><??> (= tag of 5 bytes)
receive: card added (for each card)
<42><04><08><ff>
send: end database update
<42><04><09><ff>

PROXIMITY CARD READER WITH USB INTERFACE

Features

- store up to 250 tags
- with USB interface for config-management
- free tag management application for PC
- fully documented protocol, write your own application
- tags can also be entered using a 'mastercard'
- toggle or pulse NO/NC relay output
- adjustable pulse time: 1s to 4 min. approx.
- 3 status leds and buzzer
- two tags supplied (card-type)
- works standalone
- optional access card HAA2866/TAG

K8019

Specifications

- EM4100 compatible: HAA2866/TAG, HAA2866/TAG2
- relay contact: 3A/24VDC
- power supply: 12VDC or 5VDC (USB)*
- power consumption: 100mA max.
- dimensions: 69x80x47mm / 2.71x3.15x1.85"





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